

## **MILWAUKEE TOOL**

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To Whom It May Concern,

Milwaukee®, in partnership with Industrial Hygiene Sciences, LLC, has conducted testing on the Milwaukee M18<sup>TM</sup> FUEL<sup>TM</sup> 6 Gallon Wet/Dry Vacuum (0910-20) with HEPA filter (49-90-1977) paired with the M18<sup>TM</sup> FUEL<sup>TM</sup> 1-9/16" SDS Max Rotary Hammer (2717-20), 1-1/4 X 15" SDS MAX 4-Cutter Carbide Tip bit (48-20-3970), and SDS Max Dust Extraction Attachment (5317-DE). Results show that the user will be below the Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) as described by OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1153 when using the above combination, assuming it is used in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Testing results and procedures are outlined below:

Unit Tested	Average # of Holes Drilled	Average Sample Duration	% Silica (Quartz) in Sample	Average Respirable Crystalline Silica Concentration (μg/m³)	OSHA PEL in 1926.1153 (μg/m³)
	9	60 minutes	N/A	< 2.5 µg/m³ TWA	50 µg/m³

<: Less than. The analyte, if present, is at a level too low to be accurately quantified by the method used. The actual amount in the sample is less than the reported value.

NA= Not available. The percent silica could not be quantified as the weight gain on the filter was too low.

- All drilling was performed using a Milwaukee M18<sup>TM</sup> FUEL<sup>TM</sup> 6 Gallon Wet/Dry Vacuum (0910-20) paired with the M18<sup>TM</sup> FUEL<sup>TM</sup> 1-9/16" SDS Max Rotary Hammer (2717-20), 1-1/4 X 15" SDS MAX 4-Cutter Carbide Tip bit (48-20-3970), and SDS Max Dust Extraction Attachment (5317-DE).
- The drilling was completed horizontally to a 4' X 4' X 8" concrete block mounted in an upright fixture.
- The concrete blocks were poured from a 5000 PSI concrete mix.
- There was no knockout of the filter of emptying of the tank during the trial.
- A new HEPA filter and clean vacuum tank were used for each trial.
- The vacuum was turned to high speed.
- The trials were performed in an enclosure with no outside air ventilation. Ambient air cleaner with HEPA filtration was used between each trial.
- Samples were collected on 3-piece 37 mm diameter preweighed PVC filter mounted in a BGI GK2.69 respirable dust sampler, run at 4.2 lpm and connected to a GilAir Plus air sampling pump. The flow rate through the sampling train was measured using a TSI 4146 Calibrator before and after each Trial. A field blank was submitted with each day's set of samples.
- Samples were analyzed using OSHA ID-142 by the Wisconsin Occupational Health Laboratory, an AIHA Accredited laboratory. The sampling method used meets the definition of respirable crystalline silica in 1926.1153 (a) and Appendix A of the OSHA Respirable Crystalline Silica Standard (1926.1153).
- The Time Weighted Average (TWA) was calculated assuming zero exposure to respirable crystalline silica for the non-sampled portion of a 480 minutes (8 hour) shift. Longer exposure times, assuming that the dust exposures would be similar to those collected in these trials, would likely result in higher TWAs. Factors, including, but not limited to, the ventilation and air flow patterns in the space where the work is done, how the tool is used, how sharp the blade is, the user's technique, the silica content of the cement board, how many cuts are made, the presence of other respirable silica dust generating activities in the area, and vacuum maintenance could affect actual user exposures.

\*A 1-1/4 X 15" SDS MAX 4-Cutter Carbide Tip bit reflects the dust generating application used in this test, the table below suggest other bit sizes, based on volume of dust, would also be compliant when using the Milwaukee M18<sup>TM</sup> FUEL<sup>TM</sup> 6 Gallon Wet/Dry Vacuum.

Details on how to properly implement as a part of a complete exposure plan are outlined below\*:

	Hole Diameter												
		<u>1/4"</u>	<u>3/8"</u>	<u>1/2''</u>	<u>5/8"</u>	<u>3/4"</u>	<u>1"</u>	<u>1-1/4"</u>	<u>1-1/2"</u>	<u>1-3/4"</u>	<u>2"</u>	<u>2-1/2"</u>	
	<u>1"</u>	36,000	16,000	9,000	5,760	4,000	2,250	1,440	1,000	735	563	360	
	<u>2"</u>	18,000	8,000	4,500	2,880	2,000	1,125	720	500	367	281	180	
	<u>3"</u>	12,000	5,333	3,000	1,920	1,333	750	480	333	245	188	120	
	<u>4"</u>	9,000	4,000	2,250	1,440	1,000	562	360	250	184	141	90	
	<u>5"</u>	7,200	3,200	1,800	1,152	800	450	288	200	147	113	72	
	<u>6"</u>	6,000	2,666	1,500	960	666	375	240	167	122	94	60	
1	<u>7"</u>	5,142	2,285	1,285	822	571	321	206	143	105	80	51	
	<u>8"</u>	4,500	2,000	1,125	720	500	281	180	125	92	70	45	
	<u>9"</u>	4,000	1,777	1,000	640	444	250	160	111	82	63	40	
1	<u>10"</u>	3,600	1,600	900	576	400	225	144	100	73	56	36	
	<u>11"</u>	3,272	1,454	818	523	363	204	131	91	67	51	33	
	<u>12"</u>	3,000	1,333	750	480	333	187	120	83	61	47	30	
	<u>13"</u>	2,769	1,230	692	443	307	173	111	77	57	43	28	
	<u>14"</u>	2,571	1,142	642	411	285	160	103	71	52	40	26	
	<u>15"</u>	2,400	1,066	600	384	266	150	96	67	49	38	24	

## Maximum Number of Holes per Day\*\*

\*These calculations are offered for reference and are calculated values based on previously recorded test data and represent a full workday of the tested application

\*\* The user must drill the same number or fewer holes than those listed above for the given application in order to be considered compliant with the objective data clause of 29 CFR 1926.1153 OSHA regulation on crystalline silica dust.

It is the responsibility of the user to operate the tool in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. For the latest listings of approvals, visit milwaukeetool.com. For technical or service assistance, contact Milwaukee Customer Service at 1-800-729-3878.

Hole Depth